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NEVADA BOARD OF PAROLE COMMISSIONERS

November 28, 2016

- To: Board of Parole Commissioners
- Subject: Parole Board Guideline Factors, Instructions & Reasons
- RE: Agenda Item VII Review of the current parole guideline mitigating and aggravating factors, the NPRA Definitions and Resulting Point Allocations form and reasons for granting and denying parole. The Board will review and may modify the language and instructions for the use of each of the current mitigating and aggravating factors, definitions and instructions for preparations of the NPRA and wording related to reasons and recommendations that might appear on an order granting or denying parole. Specific items under consideration include, but are not limited to, changing the instructions on when to apply the factor "nature of criminal record is increasingly more serious" and change from "juvenile conviction" references to "delinquency adjudication as a juvenile."

Attached are copies of the instructions for completing the parole risk assessment and applying aggravating and mitigating factors on the parole guideline, and the general reasons for granting and denying parole.

The primary change to these documents is to update the item under sexual conviction to include the correct terminology regarding juvenile delinquency adjudications for sexual offenses, which are not convictions.

Another item for review is to consider changing the definition to the aggravating factor "Nature of criminal record is increasingly more serious."

The Board may review the instructions and wording for these documents and make changes as necessary to facilitate the Board's intent.

Nevada Parole Recidivism Risk & Crime Severity Guidelines

Risk Assessment Definitions and Resulting Point Allocations

Static Factors:

1. Age at First Arrest

This factor is based on the age of the offender when he/she was first arrested (ever, including juvenile) whether or not they were convicted. Citations are not counted as an arrest. Use the PSI as the source for this information unless the offender admits to an earlier arrest (i.e., juvenile arrest even if the records are sealed).

0 points:	24 years or older at first arrest.
1 point:	20-23 years old at first arrest.

2 points: 19 years or younger at first arrest.

Notes entries: Comments to enter in 'notes' field in NOTIS may include the source of the information (PSI or offender stated juvenile arrest or earlier arrest than stated in the PSI). The date of first arrest may be entered, or any comment that indicates how the answer was determined. When there are discrepancies, indicate the discrepancy.

2. Prior Probation/Parole Revocations

This factor is based on any revocation of juvenile or adult parole or probation (including Gross Misdemeanor, but excluding misdemeanor).

0 points: No history of adult or juvenile parole or probation revocations.

2 points: One or more adult or juvenile parole or probation revocation.

Notes entries: Indicate the source (generally the PSI). If there is a discrepancy, or other related information that should be provided, indicate that information in the notes field.

3. Employment History

This factor is based on the employment history immediately prior to the instant offense. Disability or full time student status <u>does</u> count toward full time employment immediately prior to the date of the I/O. This information can generally be found in the PSI under employment.

0 points: Satisfactory full-time employment, full time student status or disability for 1 year or more

1 point: Employed or student/disability status less than full-time or full-time for less than 1 year

2 points: Unsatisfactory student status or employment/unemployed /unemployable during previous year

Notes entries: The PSI is generally the source for this. When employment is '0' months, but the person was receiving disability or going to school full time and that information is indicated in the PSI, indicate that information in the notes section.

4. Offense for Current or Prior Convictions

This factor is based on conviction history including the instant offense. Two points are given if there are any property offense convictions including Robbery, Forgery, Auto Theft & Burglary, and financial crimes such as Checks, Embezzlement, etc.

2 points: Any conviction for a property type offense.

0 points: All other convictions.

Notes entries: Common entries are "PSI indicates prior property offense" or "currently serving a property offense."

Nevada Parole Risk Assessment Instructions Page 2

5. History of Drug/Alcohol Abuse

This factor is based on any historical use/abuse of drugs or alcohol including arrests and convictions.

2 Points:	Frequent abuse, or serious disruption of functioning. I.E., Evidence of frequent abuse or
	disruption, and/or the person has been arrested for a crime involving drugs or alcohol
	(including possession, even if the person denies use), or indication that criminal behavior
	is based on the use of drugs or alcohol.
1 point:	There is evidence that the person has used drugs or abused alcohol, but no evidence that the
	use/abuse has resulted in other criminal behavior.
0 points:	No evidence of prior use of drugs, and limited or social use of alcohol.

Notes entries: Common entries for frequent abuse include "prior drug conviction" or "serving a sentence for drug conviction." Others include "inmate was under the influence at time of offense" or "inmate admits to committing crime to obtain drugs." For answers related to some use or no use, generally this will be stated in the PSI and the note can simply be "per PSI."

6. Gender (at birth) - Notes entries: No note is necessary, unless to indicate a transgender issue.

1 point:	Male
0 points:	Female

Dynamic Factors:

7. Current Age

Age at month of hearing.

-1 point:	Age 41 or older at month of hearing
0 points:	Age 31 through 40 at month of hearing
1 point:	Age 21 through 30 at month of hearing
2 points:	Under age 21 at month of hearing

Notes entries: No note is necessary.

8. Active Gang Membership

Street or Prison Gang, based on NDOC validation or indication in the Pre-Sentence Investigation.

- 0 points: No gang affiliation or validation at time of hearing, or the person is participating in a program to disassociate with gang involvement. Validated as a suspect should be scored as "0" points.
- 2 points: Any validated prison or street gang association or membership. Do not count "suspect."

Notes entries: When the PSI indicates involvement with a gang, but they are not NDOC validated, indicate that information in the notes section.

9. Completed DOC certified Education - Vocational - Treatment Program on current term of incarceration.

- -1 points: Inmate has received a high school diploma or equivalent, college degree, or has completed a DOC certified treatment program or vocational program on the current term of incarceration. "The current term of incarceration" means that period of time since the inmate was received into the DOC after sentencing for a felony conviction. If the inmate was released on parole and convicted of a new felony, credit would be awarded only if the program achievement occurred after return to the DOC subsequent to sentencing on the new felony. Qualifying programs are listed separately at the end of this document.
- 0 points: Inmate has not received a high school equivalent or higher degree, or has not completed a DOC certified treatment of vocational program, on the current term of incarceration.

Notes Entries: Enter the name of the program and completion date, or the name of the educational type (HS Diploma, GED, Associates Degree) and the date of award.

10. Disciplinary Conduct - Guilty findings.

-1 point:	No disciplinary violations of any kind in the past year from hearing month.
0 points:	One disciplinary violation of any kind in the past year from hearing month.
1 point:	Two disciplinary violations of any kind in the past year from hearing month.
2 points:	Three disciplinary violations of any kind in the past year from hearing month.

NOTE: Count only one guilty disciplinary finding per event, any guilty finding (ie, three generals, a minor and two majors on August 2, 2008 count as one disciplinary). Do not count unresolved charges.

Notes entries: No entry is needed unless something interpretive needs to be pointed out.

11. Current Custody Level as of the date of the hearing.

-1 point:	Minimum custody or community trustee.
0 points:	Medium custody.
2 points:	Maximum custody or housed in disciplinary segregation.

Note: If the inmate is in administrative or protective segregation, the inmate should be given the benefit of the custody that he/she would be housed in if the reason for being in administrative or protective segregation didn't exist. If the inmate is approved for minimum custody, but is housed in medium custody, he/she should be given the benefit of the approved custody level of minimum. If the inmate is in medium pending unresolved disciplinary action, and was approved for minimum prior to the disciplinary charge, he/she should be calculated as minimum.

Notes entries: No note is needed unless a judgement is being made on changing the point selection based on a situation described above.

Nevada Parole Risk Assessment Instructions Page 4

The following is the list of achievements which qualify for the points reduction under programming. These achievements must be completed on the current term of incarceration. "The current term of incarceration" means that period of time since the inmate was received into the DOC after sentencing for a felony conviction. If the inmate was released on parole and convicted of a new felony, credit would be awarded only if the program achievement occurred after return to the DOC subsequent to sentencing on the new felony.

- 1. Receiving a GED, High School Diploma or College Degree.
- 2. Completion of STARS, PHOENIX and TRUST programs.
- 3. Completion of a formal ESL program.
- 4. Completing a certified vocational program. The approved vocational programs are as follows:
 - a. Automotive Technology I, II & III
 - b. Construction Technology I 8550
 - c. Welding
 - d. Air Conditioning/Refrigeration Technician 8130
 - e. Building Maintenance Service 8610
 - f. Culinary Arts 9600
 - g. Welding
 - h. Information Technology Skill Standards
 - i. Braille I, II, III
 - j. Dry Cleaning
 - k. Photovoltaic Systems

NEVADA PAROLE RISK ASSESSMENT

Name ID	Numb	er Location	Date
Static Risk Factors	Pts	Dynamic Risk Factors	Pts
1. Age at First Arrest (juvenile or adult)		7. Current Age	
24 years or older	0	41 and above	-1
20-23 years	1	31 - 40	0
19 years or younger	2	21 - 30	1
2. Prior Prob/Parole Revocation (juv. or adult)		Under 21	2
No parole or probation revocations	0	8. Active Gang Membership	
One or more (including gross misdemeanors)	2	No (none or suspect)	0
3. Employment History (prior to arrest)		Yes (member or associate)	2
Satisfactory full-time employment >1 year	0	9. DOC certified edu/voc/treat program	
Employed less than full-time/full-time < 1 year	1	Yes (during current term of incarceration)	-1
Unsatisfact. employment/unemployed /unemployable	2	No	0
4. Offense for Current or Prior Convictions		10. Disciplinary Conduct - Past Year	
All others	0	No Misconduct of any Kind	-1
Any Property Offense, Robbery, Forgery, etc.	2	One Misconduct of any Kind	0
5. History of Drug/Alcohol Abuse		Two Misconducts of any Kind	1
None	0	Three or More Misconducts of any Kind	2
Some use, no severe disruption of functioning	1	11. Current Custody Level	
Frequent abuse, serious disruption of functioning	2	Minimum	-1
6. Gender		Medium	0
Male	1	Maximum or Disciplinary Segregation	2
Female	0	Total Dynamic Risk Score	
Total Static Risk Score	1	Total Score (Static+Dynamic Score)	

<u>Low Risk</u> = 0-5 points

_____Medium Risk = 6-11 points

____High Risk = 12+ points or 8 points on Dynamic factors

The risk assessment is based on the static and dynamic factors that are applicable at the time of a parole hearing. A change in status following the hearing that may impact the risk factors shall not be the basis for an appeal for re-computation. A prisoner will only be granted a re-hearing if a factor is misapplied at the time of the hearing, <u>and</u> a correction would cause a deviation from the guideline recommendation.

Nevada Parole Guidelines Aggravating and Mitigating Factors Definitions

Aggravating Factors

Prior Prison term did not deter future criminal activity:

Indicate this factor if the inmate served a separate period of incarceration not related to the current period of incarceration. 'Prior prison term' does not include periods of incarceration as a result of parole violations on the current period of incarceration. A 'period of incarceration' includes sentences that are served consecutively.

Prior Sex conviction as an adult or adjudicated delinquent or found guilty by a juvenile court of a sexual offense:

Indicate this factor if the prisoner has a prior sexual conviction *or delinquency adjudication*. If the prisoner has a combination of violent and sex convictions, apply this factor and do not apply the factor related to prior violent convictions.

Prior violent conviction:

Indicate this factor if the prisoner has a prior violent conviction. If the prisoner has a combination of sex and violent convictions, apply the factor related to prior sex convictions, and do not indicate this factor.

Repetitive Similar Criminal Conduct

Indicate this factor if there are two or more <u>prior</u> convictions resulting from separate periods of similar criminal conduct. The prior repetitive conduct need not be similar to the instant offense. Do not count the instant offense as one of the prior convictions. Count misdemeanor and felony convictions. I.e., Multiple property convictions, multiple drug convictions.

Significant prior criminal history

Significant prior criminal history is defined as two or more prior felony convictions related to separate periods of criminal activity. For example, three prior property convictions related to the same crime spree should be counted as one event.

Commission of a crime while incarcerated, on bail, eluding, on escape status, or while under parole or probation supervision.

Indicate this factor if the prisoner has ever been convicted of a crime while incarcerated, on bail, on escape status, or while under felony parole or probation supervision. Indicate this factor if the prisoner eluded or attempted to elude capture during a prior or current offense. Count misdemeanors and felony convictions.

Disruptive Institutional Behavior

Indicate this factor if the prisoner has engaged in disruptive institutional behavior within 36 months of the hearing month as defined as follows:

- · Aggravated Escape
- Use of Weapon in Custody
- Propelling of Bodily Fluid
- · Rioting
- · Assault

Refuse to participate in, or terminated for cause from treatment

Indicate this factor if there is evidence that the prisoner refused to participate in appropriate treatment, or was terminated for cause from treatment. Termination from treatment due to medical issues, housing

change or determination by a counselor that the treatment was not necessary or not appropriate is not considered cause.

Housed in disciplinary segregation within 24 months.

Indicate this factor if the prisoner has been housed in disciplinary segregation for any period of time during the 24 months prior to the month the hearing will take place.

Removal from community supervision program (305/184/317) on current period of incarceration.

Indicate this factor if the prisoner has been released to a community supervision program such as the 305, 184 or 317 program, Casa Grande, etc, and been returned to custody because of program failure. Current period of incarceration only.

A program failure does not include a removal for reasons other than those caused by acts or omissions of the prisoner that occurred during the program participation (i.e., the prisoner is removed from participation because a new sentence is imposed for prior criminal activity which changed the prisoner's eligibility for participation).

Multiple prior parole/probation revocations.

Indicate this factor if the prisoner has a history of three or more parole or probation revocations (felony or gross misdemeanor).

Crime was targeted against a child or person at greater vulnerability because of age/disability.

Indicate this factor if the age of the victim was under 18 years old or over age 65, or if the PSI indicates that the victim suffered from a mental or physical disability prior to the crime.

Nature of criminal record is increasingly more serious.

Indicate this factor if criminal conduct of the person has escalated over time to include violence toward victims or others, or the scale of criminal activity has increased over time. If the person is now serving a sentence of life, or Murder/Sexual Assault, don't use this as the person has already committed the most serious of crimes. This factor is used as a possible indicator of more serious activity in the future.

Impact on victim(s) and/or community:

Indicate this factor if the offense caused the death or disability to a person, or if a victim was assaulted or injured whether deliberately or accidentally. Indicate this factor if the financial loss to a victim was substantial. Indicate this factor if the crime shocked the community in such a way as to cause significant public outrage and contempt toward the offender.

The extreme or abnormal aspects of the crime.

Indicate this factor when the details of the crime indicate that the crime was conducted in such a manner that shows sophistication in planning or carrying out an offense, or the nature of the conduct is shocking to a normal person. Examples may include but are not limited to: Mutilation or abuse of a corpse following a murder; serial murder; serial sexual assault or numerous victims of a sex offender; the torture of a person or animal.

Other Aggravating Factors:

Other aggravating factors may include, but are not limited to:

- Psychological evaluations/prognosis.
- Substantive statements including threats of harm against another person upon release, or other information provided during interview that concerns the Board that the inmate may be a risk to public safety if released on parole.

Nevada Parole Guidelines Aggravating and Mitigating Factors Definitions Page 3

Mitigating Factors:

No prior/minimal criminal conviction history.

Indicate this factor if the offender has no prior felony convictions, no prior Gross Misdemeanor convictions, no Misdemeanor convictions for indecent exposure or violence, and no more than three prior non-violent Misdemeanor convictions. Failure to appear, civil protective custody and traffic convictions are excluded.

Infraction free for two years or more to hearing month and not in disciplinary segregation.

Indicate this factor if the inmate has been infraction free within the last two years from the hearing month, and had not been housed in disciplinary segregation during that time.

Lesser involvement in the instant offense.

Indicate this factor if there are co-offenders who received similar penalties, and the involvement of the inmate being considered for parole was markedly less than that of the co-offenders. An example is a person who acts as the driver of a getaway vehicle for a botched burglary which results in the murder of the victim. Although the driver in this example did not participate in the actual killing of the victim, Nevada's felony-murder rule could result in the driver being convicted of 1^{st} Degree Murder.

Positive adjustment to halfway house/work release program.

Indicate this factor if the reports from the NDOC or P&P indicate that the person being considered is adjusting favorable to a house arrest program, work release program or position as a community trustee. Some examples include housed in Casa Grande or restitution center, any of the house arrest programs, assigned to work as a community trustee (motor pool, printing office, working for NDF, etc).

Participation in programs specific to addressing the behavior that led to their incarceration.

Indicate this factor if the report or documentation provided by the NDOC indicates that the inmate has successfully participated (or is currently participating) in a program that specifically addresses behaviors that let to incarceration. For example, an inmate serving a sentence for a drug related crime who has participated in a DOC certified substance abuse program, or a sex offender who has received specific sex-offender therapy.

Prior successful completion of parole or probation supervision other than summary or court-based supervision.

Indicate this factor if the inmate has successfully completed (honorable discharge only) a period of parole or probation (other than summary or court-based supervision). If the type of discharge is not indicated or indeterminable, indicate this factor unless there is evidence of criminal conduct during the period of supervision.

Community and or family support

Indicate this factor if the progress report or other document indicates community support such as family, church, friends, etc. This factor should also be indicated if there is no documentation, but

Nevada Parole Guidelines Aggravating and Mitigating Factors Definitions Page 4

supporters attend the parole hearing.

Stable release plans.

Indicate this factor if there is documentation indicating that the inmate has a job opportunity as well as a place to live and the means to travel there upon release. Transition through a residential treatment program counts as stable release plans.

Pending CS sentence or detainer lodged by other jurisdiction.

Indicate this factor if the inmate has a consecutive sentence to serve, or there is a detainer from another jurisdiction that would cause the continued detention or possible deportation of the inmate.

Crime was situational without evidence of intent to harm as information derived from PSI.

Indicate this factor if the pre-sentence investigation indicates evidence that the crime was situation without evidence to harm another. An example is a person who is convicted of DUI with injury, without any prior convictions for DUI.

Case history demonstrates remorse.

Indicate this factor if the pre-sentence investigation indicates that the offender demonstrated immediate remorse. Examples of this are, the offender immediately turned himself in to authorities, or immediately sought treatment or paid restitution. This type of action should be completely voluntary, and not as a result any negotiation or other impending action. Weight to this factor is given to the display of remorse prior to arrest as opposed to subsequent to arrest.

Consistent in managing their mental illness as recommended by professionals, if the mental illness may be a contributing factor to criminal behavior.

Indicate this factor when applicable, when there is evidence that the offender has been consistent in properly managing their mental illness.

Reason Type: Denial Reason (DNL_RSN)

Reason Type: Den	ial Reason (DNL_RSN)	
Reason Code	Reason Description (LOV)	Full Length
NON_DET	1. Previous prison term did	Denial Reason: Prior prison term did not deter future
	not deter.	criminal activity.
PR_SEX	2. Prior Sex Conviction	Denial Reason: Prior conviction or delinquency
		adjudication for a sexual offense.
PR_VIO	3. Prior Violent Conviction	Denial Reason: Prior conviction for a violent offense.
RP_CON	4. Repetitive Criminal	Denial Reason: Repetitive criminal conduct.
_	Conduct	1
SIG_HIST	5. Significant prior criminal	Denial Reason: Significant prior criminal history.
_	history	
DIS_BEH	6. Disruptive behavior/record	Denial Reason: Disruptive institutional behavior, or poor
	r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	disciplinary record.
HR_SEX	7. High Risk Sex Offender	Denial Reason: The prisoner was assessed in accordance
		with NRS 213.1214 and was determined to be a high risk, or
		higher than moderate risk to re-offend.
MLTP_REV	8. Multiple revocations	Denial Reason: Multiple prior parole/probation revocations.
INC_SEV	9. Record Increasingly	Denial Reason: Nature of criminal record is increasingly
nte_bLt	Serious	more serious.
DIS_VIC	10. Vulnerable victim	Denial Reason: Crime was targeted against a child or person
	10. Vulletuble vietilit	at greater vulnerability because of age/disability.
DEG_IMP	11. Impact on victim(s)	Denial Reason: Impact on victim(s) and/or community.
	and/or Comm	Demai Reason. Impact on victim(s) and/or community.
EXT_CRM	12. Extreme or abnormal	Denial Reason: The extreme or abnormal aspects of the
	aspects	crime.
NON_CMP	13. Unwilling to comply with	Denial Reason: Inmate has indicated an unwillingness to
	parole.	comply with the terms of parole.
HGH_RSK	14. Risk factors indicate high	Denial Reason: Risk factors indicate the inmate is a high
non_ksk	risk	risk to commit a new felony.
REF_PRT	15. Refusal to participate in	Denial Reason: Refusal to participate in a treatment
	treat	program.
COM_PRG_FAL	16. Removal from community	Denial Reason: Removal from community supervision
	sup prgrm	program.
PG_DEN	17. Parole Guideline	Denial Reason: Parole Guideline recommends parole denial
ro_DEN	Recommends denial	and other factors do not indicate the Board should deviate
	Recommends demai	from the guideline.
SEX_INSF_INF	18. Sex offender and no risk	Denial Reason: The inmate has a conviction for a sex
SEA_INSF_INF	information	
	Information	offense, and there is insufficient risk information to indicate
		that there is a reasonable probability that the prisoner will
DN ADO INE	10 Not en euclie de suste	live and remain at liberty without violating the laws.
DN_ADQ_INF	19. Not enough adequate	Denial Reason: The Board does not have enough adequate
OTU	information	information to allow it to make a decision to grant parole.
OTH DN TUDT	20. Other	Denial Reason: Other:
DN_THRT	21. I/M has made threats to	Denial Reason: The prisoner has made threats against
	harm	another person and release to the community could
DV DECE		jeopardize public safety.
DN_RFSD	22. Inmate refused to attend	Denial Reason: Inmate refused to participate in the hearing
	hearing	process.
DN_REQ_DNY	23. Inmate does not want	Denial Reason: Inmate does not want parole, and requested

	parole	to expire sentence.
DN_NEW_FEL	24. New felny while on prior	Denial Reason: Inmate was convicted of a new felony while
	suprvision	serving a prior period of community supervision.
DN_CF_PROG	25. Case Factors/Reported	Denial Reason: The case factors in conjunction with the
	Progress	reported progress and institutional adjustment suggest that
		parole release is not appropriate at this time.

Reason Type: MPR Denial Reason: MPR_DNL_RSN

Reason Code	Reason Description	Full Length		
HR_GD	1. High risk based on	MPR Denial Reason: The parole guidelines indicate the		
	guideline	prisoner is a high risk to re-offend.		
NP_STAT	2. Failed sexual assessment	MPR Denial Reason: The prisoner was evaluated in		
		accordance with NRS 213.1214 and was determined to be a		
		high risk, or higher than moderate risk to re-offend.		
REF_COMP	3. Statements indicate refusal	MPR Denial Reason: The prisoner has made statements		
	to cmply.	indicating he/she will refuse to comply with the terms and		
		conditions of parole.		
THRT	4. Has made threats to harm	MPR Denial Reason: The prisoner has made threats against		
	others	another person and release to the community		
		could jeopardize public safety.		
HST_VIO	5. Violent history	MPR Denial Reason: The prisoner has a history of		
		convictions for violent crimes.		
PRS_VIO	6. Institutional violence	MPR Denial Reason: The prisoner has engaged in violent		
		behavior while incarcerated.		
MLTI_DUI	7. Multiple DUI convictions	MPR Denial Reason: The prisoner has been convicted of		
		multiple felony offenses of driving under the influence of		
		intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance.		
CSP_CRIM	8. Previous crimes on	MPR Denial Reason: The prisoner has previously		
	community superv.	committed crimes while on community supervision.		
INC_SVR	9. Increase in Severity of crim	MPR Denial Reason: The criminal conduct of the prisoner		
	condct.	has increased in severity over time.		
PRED	10. Predisposition toward	MPR Denial Reason: The prisoner has demonstrated an		
	crim lifestyle	attitude or behavior which indicates that the prisoner favors		
		a criminal lifestyle (i.e., gang activities, planning escapes or		
		other criminal activity, etc)		
MPR_OTH	11. Other	MPR Denial Reason: Other:		
MPR474_1	12. 474-Minimum Criteria	MPR Denial Reason: The prisoner has not satisfied the		
	Not Met.	minimum requirements for mandatory release in accordance		
		with subsection 2 of NRS 213.1215 and the Board has		
		determined that discretionary release at this time would not		
		be appropriate.		
MPR474_2	13. 474-Danger to Public	MPR Denial Reason: The prisoner has met the minimum		
	Safety.	requirements in accordance with subsection of NRS		
		213.1215 however the Board has determined that there is a		
		reasonable probability that the prisoner would be a danger to		
		public safety if released on parole for the following reasons:		

Grant Reasons: GRT_RSN

GD_REC	1. Parole guideline	Grant Reason: The parole guideline recommends that
	recommends par grant	parole be granted, and there are no serious reasons to
		deviate from the guideline recommendation.
NO_PRI	2. No prior/minimal crime	Grant Reason: The inmate has no prior or minimal criminal
	convctin hist	conviction history.
INST_REC	3. Positive institutional record	Grant Reason: The inmate has a positive institutional
		record.
PRG_PART	4. Program Participation	Grant Reason: The inmate has participated in programs
		specific to addressing behavior that led to incarceration.
WRK_REL	5. Positive work rel / trustee	Grant Reason: The inmate has adjusted in a positive
	assignmnt	manner to a work release program or other assignment as
		community trustee.
PRI_COM	6. Prior completion of par or	Grant Reason: The inmate has successfully completed a
	probation	prior period of parole or probation.
STB_PLN	7. Stable Release Plans	Grant Reason: The inmate has stable release plans.
HLD_DTN	8. Detainer by other	Grant Reason: There is a detainer lodged by other
	jurisdiction	jurisdiction.
CS_SENT	9. Consecutive sentence	Grant Reason: The inmate must serve a consecutive
		sentence.
CASE_FTR	10. Factors suggest par is	Grant Reason: Case factors suggest parole may be
	appropriate.	appropriate at this time.
COM_SUP	11. Community and/or family	Grant Reason: There is community and/or family support.
	support.	
GRT_OTH	12. Other	Grant Reason: Other:
GRT_RPO	13. Request to rescind,	The Board conducted a hearing to consider a request to
	granted anyway	rescind a previous order to grant parole. After having
		considered the reasons for the request to rescind, and
		conducting a personal hearing with the inmate, the Board
		has determined that a rescission of parole is not warranted
		at this time. This order supersedes and replaces the
		previous order(s) granting parole on the above referenced
		case numbers.

MPR Grant Reasons: MPR_GRT_RSN

MIR Grant Reasons. MIR_GRI_RSI		
GNT_MPR	Info does not suggest inmate is a danger	MPR Grant Reason: The inmate is eligible for release in accordance with NRS 213.1215 and the case factors do not suggest that the inmate would be a danger to public safety if released on parole.
MPR_474	Required to Grant MPR per AB474	MPR Grant Reason: The prisoner was under the age of 16 when he committed the crime which resulted in a sentence of life with parole, and the Board is required by statute to grant parole in accordance with NRS 213.1215(2).
MPR_OTH_GRT	Other	MPR Grant Reason: Other:

Specific Recommendations that	to improve the poss	sibility of granting parol	e: RECM Suggestions to Improve	e
	The second se			-

NO DIGG		
NO_DISC	1. No disciplinary misconduct	Specific Recommendation: Do not engage in disciplinary
		misconduct during denial period.
REC_PRG_PAR	2. Program Participation	Specific Recommendation: Participate or continue to
Т		participate in programs that address the behaviors that led to
		your incarceration.
EDU_VOC	3. Education and vocational	Specific Recommendation: Participate or continue to
	programs	participate in educational or vocational programs that will
		improve your marketability in the workplace upon released.
VIC_EMP	4. Participate in victim	Specific Recommendation: Participate in victim empathy
	empathy program	programming.
NO_STG	5. Disassociate from	Specific Recommendation: Disassociate from involvement
	involvement w/gang	with a gang.
REC_OTH	6. Other	Specific Recommendation: OTHER:
REC_474_1	7. AB474 Needs to program	Specific Recommendation: Participate and complete a
		program of general education or an industrial or vocational
		training program.
REC_474_2	8. AB474 Disassociate from	Specific Recommendation: Disassociate from involvement
	gang.	as a member of a group that poses a security threat pursuant
		to the procedures for identifying security threats established
		by the Department of Corrections.
REC_474_3	9. AB474 Disciplinary free	Specific Recommendation: Remain free of any major
		disciplinary infractions or placement in disciplinary
		segregation during the 24 months period prior to your next
		parole hearing.

No Action Reasons: NO_ACTION No Action Reasons

	: NO_ACTION NO ACTION Keds	
MVD_AFT_HD	1. Moved after scheduled,	Reason for No Action: Inmate was moved after hearing date
	Reschedule	was set. Will be rescheduled upon publication of new
		eligibility list.
NEW_FEL	2. New Fel convict. Re-sched	Reason for No Action: Inmate not eligible due to new
	w/eligible.	felony conviction. Inmate will be re-scheduled when
		eligible.
NOT_AVAL	3. Inmate not avail at the time	Reason for No Action: Inmate was not available at the time
	hearing	of the hearing.
NO_INFO	4. Lack of info to make a	Reason for No Action: No action taken due to lack of
	reccomd	information needed to make a recommendation.
SEX_NO_INFO	5. Sex offender with lack of	Reason for No Action: The inmate has a current or prior
	info	conviction for an offense listed in NRS 213.1214 and the
		required assessment was not provided to the Board by the
		hearing date. A parole hearing will be re-scheduled and
		conducted once the Board is in receipt of the evaluation.
PRI_ACT_D	6. Prior action to deny parole	Reason for No Action: Prior action to deny parole.
PRI_ACT_G	7. Prior action to grant parole	Reason for No Action: Prior action to grant parole.
RFS_ATD	8. Inmate refused to attend	Reason for No Action: Inmate refused to attend hearing.
	hearing	
SENT_CHG	9. Sentence structure or credit	Reason for No Action: Inmate not eligible due to change or

	change	correction in sentence structure or credits earned/lost per NDOC Records.
OJD_NO_INFO	10. OSC inmate and no report	Reason for No Action: The inmate is in the custody of
	provided.	another jurisdiction and not enough information was
		provided to make an informed decision to grant or deny
		parole.
OTH_NOT_ATN	11. HAP Inmate did not	Reason for No Action: The inmate is a community trustee
D	appear	and did not appear for the hearing at the scheduled time.
OTH_PEND_CG	12. Pending new criminal	Reason for No Action: The inmate is pending new criminal
	charges.	charges. Will be rescheduled once the new charges have
	charges.	been adjudicated.
OTH_NO_ATTNY	13. Counsel for inmate not	Reason for No Action: The attorney appointed to represent
	present.	the inmate during parole revocation proceedings was not
OTH NO DITED		present at the scheduled time.
OTH_NO_INTRP	14. Interpreter for inmate not	Reason for No Action: The inmate needs an interpreter and
	available	one was not available for the hearing.
OTH_NO_NTF	15. Inmate not properly	Reason for No Action: Inmate not given proper notice of the
	noticed	hearing.
OTH_NO_ELIG	16. Inmate not eligible for	Reason for No Action: Inmate not eligible for parole for
	parole other	reasons other than new sentence or credit adjustment
EXP_PR	17. Inmate expired prior to	Reason for No Action: Inmate expired prior to eligibility.
	eligibility.	
PV_DEF_CONT	18. Continuance was	Reason for No Action: Inmate or inmate's counsel requested
	requested	a continuance
OTH_CNV_PRO	19. Conversion problem not	Reason for No Action: Conversion problem – inmate not
B	eligible	eligible
	~	
OTH_DISC	20. Continue pending	Reason for No Action: Hearing continued pending outcome
	disciplinary	of disciplinary charges
OTH_THR_PNL	21. Continued needs three	Reason for No Action: Inmate needs to be considered by
	panel hearing	three commissioners, and three were not available at the
		hearing.
OTH_EXPIRED	23. Expired before hearing	Reason for No Action: Inmate expired after being
		scheduled, but before the hearing took place.
OTH_OTH	24. Other	Reason for No Action: Other:
OTH_NO_PSI	25. No PSI	Reason for No Action: No PSI, or specific information
		related to the offense was available to the Board at the time
		of the hearing.
OTH_NOTIS	26. NOTIS Problem	Reason for No Action: The NDOC NOTIS database was not
		available at the time of the hearing or a database issue
		caused a lack of access to information necessary to conduct
		-
		the hearing or make an action recommendation.
OTH_NOTIS2	27. NETWORK Problem	Reason for No Action: The Board did not have access to the
011_NU1152	21. NEI WOKK Problem	
		NDOC NOTIS database because of networking issues
		which resulted in a lack of access to information necessary
		to conduct the hearing or make an action recommendation.
OTH_NOTIS3	28. Aggregate	Reason for No Action: The inmate indicates an interest in

	aggregating his/her consecutive sentence(s). No Action is taken to allow the inmate time to research and make a
	determination whether to opt-in.

REASON FOR REVOCATION: REV_RSN Revocation Reason

REVOK	1. The Board heard substantial	Reason for Revocation: The Board heard substantial
		evidence that was presented to prove that you violated
		the terms of your parole agreement by:
REV_ST_MISDV	2. Violent Misdemeanor Conv	Revocation Statistic: Inmate was convicted of a violent
	on parole	misdemeanor while on parole.
REV_ST_MISDN	3. Non-violent Misd Conv. on	Revocation Statistic: Inmate was convicted of a non-
	parole	violent misdemeanor while on parole.
REV_ST_ABS	4. Absconded Parole	Revocation Statistic: Absconded from parole
		supervision.
REV_ST_TCH	5. Technical Violation	Revocation Statistic: Technical Violation
REV_ST_FEL	6. New Felony Conviction	Revocation Statistic: New Felony Conviction
REV_OTH	7. Other	Revocation Statistic: Other:
REASON FOR REIN	STATEMENT (REINSTATE): 1	RES_RSN Reinstatement Reason
REIN_STATE	1. Violation not serious enough	Reason for Reinstatement: The evidence presented was
	to revok	not serious enough to warrant the revocation of parole.
REIN_DROP	2. P&P withdrew all charges	Reason for Reinstatement: P&P Withdrew all charges
		at the violation hearing.
REIN_DRP_PRT	3. P&P withdrew significant	Reason for Reinstatement: P&P withdrew the most
	charges	serious of the charges alleged, and the remaining
		charges were not serious enough to warrant the
		revocation of parole.
REIN_RESOLVD	4. Violation resolved prior to	Reason for Reinstatement: The issues that resulted in
	hearing.	the request for revocation of parole were resolved prior
		to the hearing.
REIN_NTGLTY	5. Inmate found not guilty	Reason for Reinstatement: Inmate was found not guilty
		of the charges alleged by P&P.
REIN_60DAY	6. 60 day rule violation	Reason for Reinstatement: Inmate was not brought to
		the Board in a timely manner.
REIN_OTH	7. Other:	Other:

REASON FOR RESCISSION: RES_RSN Rescind Reason

DISC_NEW	1. Disciplinaries	Reason for Rescission: Having been found guilty of
		serious disciplinary misconduct since the granting of
		parole.
INFO_NEW	2. New information	Reason for Rescission: The Board was advised of
		information not previously considered, and the
		information is serious enough to warrant the rescission of
		the previous parole grant.
SCHED_ERR	3. Error in scheduling need	Reason for Rescission: The hearing was conducted
	new hearing	without proper notice or other process required by law.
		Parole is rescinded and a new hearing will be scheduled.
NEW_SENT	4. Not elig due to new	Reason for Rescission: The inmate is no longer eligible
	controlling sent.	for parole due to a new controlling sentence. A new
		hearing will be scheduled when the inmate is eligible.

SENT_CORR	5. Not eligibl- change in sent	Reason for Rescission: The inmate is no longer eligible
	structure	for parole due to a correction in the sentence structure. A
		new hearing will be scheduled when the inmate is eligible.
RES_OTH	6. Other	Reason for Rescission: Other:
RES_NEW_Sent	7. New Sent. Deny	Reason for Rescission: The Board was advised of
		information related to a new conviction unknown to the
		Board at the time of the original granting of parole. The
		information related to the additional criminal conduct is
		serious enough to warrant the rescission of the previous
		parole grant.

REASON FOR DEVIATING FROM GUIDELINE – DENY OVER DEV. RSN. OVR Deviating Over (deny) Reasons

DEV_RSN_OVR D	eviating Over (deny) Reasons	
O_NON_DET	1. Previous prison did not	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	deter.	Prior prison term did not deter future criminal activity.
O_PR_SEX	2. Prior Sex Conviction	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
		Prior conviction for a sexual offense.
O_PR_VIO	3. Prior Violent Conviction	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
		Prior conviction for a violent offense.
O_RP_CON	4. Repetitive Criminal	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	Conduct	Repetitive criminal conduct.
O_SIG_HIST	5. Significant prior criminal	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	history	Significant prior criminal history.
O_DIS_BEH	6. Disruptive behavior/record	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
		Disruptive institutional behavior, or poor disciplinary
		record.
O_HR_SEX	7. Sex offender high risk	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
		Sex Offender - high risk, or higher than moderate risk to
		re-offend.
O_MLTP_REV	8. Multiple revocations	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
		Multiple prior parole/probation revocations.
O_INC_SEV	9. Increasingly Serious	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	Record	Nature of criminal record is increasingly more serious.
O_DIS_VIC	10. Vulnerable victim	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
		Crime was targeted against a child or person at greater
		vulnerability because of age/disability.
O_DEG_IMP	11. Impact on victim	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
		Impact on victim(s) and/or community.
O_EXT_CRM	12. Extreme or abnormal	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	aspects	The extreme or abnormal aspects of the crime.
O_NON_CMP	13. Unwilling to comply w/	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	terms of par.	Inmate has indicated an unwillingness to comply with the
		terms of parole.
O_HGH_RSK	14. Risk factors indicate high	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	risk	Risk factors indicate the inmate is a high risk to commit a
		new felony.
O_REF_PRT	15. Refusal to participate in	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	treat	Refusal to participate in a treatment program.

O_COM_PG_FAL	16. Removal from	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	community sup. program	Removal from community supervision program.
O_SEX_ISF_IF	17. Sex offender and no risk	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	info.	The inmate has a conviction for a sex offense, and there is
		insufficient risk information to indicate that there is a
		reasonable probability that the prisoner will live and
		remain at liberty without violating the laws.
O_ADQ_INF	18. Not enough adequate	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	information	The Board does not have enough adequate information to
		allow it to make a decision to grant parole.
O_OTH	19. Other	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
		Other:
O_THREAT	20. I/M has made threats to	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	harm	The prisoner has made threats against another person and
		release to the community could jeopardize public safety.
O_REFUSED	21. Inmate refused to attend	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	hearing	Inmate refused to participate in the hearing process.
O_REQ_DENY	22. Inmate requested to	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	expire	Inmate requested to expire sentence.
O_RSN_UND	23. New felony while on	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	prior suprvision	Inmate was convicted of a new felony while serving a
		prior period of community supervision.
O_CF_PROG	24. Case Factors/Reported	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Denying Parole:
	Progress	The case factors in conjunction with the reported progress
		and institutional adjustment suggest that
		parole release is not appropriate at this time.

REASON FOR DEVIATING FROM GUIDELINE - GRANT UNDER DEV RSN UND Deviating Under (grant) Reason

	Tating Under (grant) Reason	
U_NO_HIST	1. No prior/min criminal	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	convctn history	The inmate has no prior or a minimal criminal conviction
		history.
U_NO_DISC	2. No discplinaries in last 2	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	years	The inmate has been infraction free for two years or more
		to hearing month.
U_LESS_INV	3. Lesser involvement in the	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	I/O	The inmate had a lesser involvement in the instant
		offense, but received a penalty similar to the co-offenders.
U_POS_ADJ	4. Good adjustment to	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	HWH/work rel prog.	Positive adjustment to HWH/work release program.
U_PROG	5. Part. in prgrams specific to	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	behavior	The inmate has participated in programs specific to
		addressing the behavior that led to incarceration.
U_PRI_SUCC	6. Prior success compltin of	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	supervision	Prior successful completion of supervision
U_SUPP	7. Community and or family	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	support	Community and/or family support
U_SBL_PLNS	8. Stable release plans.	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:

		Stable release plans.
U_PEND_CS	9. Pending CS sentence or	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	detainer	Pending CS sentence or detainer
U_CRM_SIT	10. I/O was situatinl w/out	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	intnt to hrm	The crime was situational without evidence of intent to
		harm.
U_HST_REMO	11. Case history	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	demonstrates remorse.	The case history demonstrates remorse on the part of the
		inmate.
U_MNT_HLTH	12. consistently manage	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
	Mental Health	The inmate has been consistent in managing his/her mental
		illness
U_OTH	13. Other	Reason for Deviating from Guideline and Granting Parole:
		Other Factors:

REASON FOR AMENDING A PREVIOUS ORDER AMEND REAS Reason for Amending

AMEND_REAS Reason for Amending		
AMEND_PG	1. Amend Prior Grant	This Order amends and supersedes the prior Parole Board order granting parole dated:
AMEND_PD	2. Amend Prior Deny	This Order amends and supersedes the prior Parole Board order denying parole dated:
AMEND_PRev	3. Amend Prior Revoke	This Order amends and supersedes the prior Parole Board order revoking parole dated:
AMEND_PRei	4. Amend Prior Reinstate	This Order amends and supersedes the prior Parole Board order reinstating/continuing parole dated:
AMEND_CPG	5. Correct Prior Grant	This Order corrects and supersedes the prior Parole Board order granting parole dated:
AMEND_CPD	6. Correct Prior Deny	This Order corrects and supersedes the prior Parole Board order denying parole dated:
AMEND_CPRev	7. Correct Prior Revoke	This Order corrects and supersedes the prior Parole Board order revoking parole dated:
AMEND_CPRei	8. Correct Prior Reinstate	This Order corrects and supersedes the prior Parole Board order reinstating/continuing parole dated: